

Disclosures

No disclosures

Agenda

- History: DHCA
- 2. Problems with Hypothermia
- 3. Selective Antegrade Cerebral Perfusion
- 4. How Cold?
- 5. Options for Cannulation
- 6. Experience and Results
- 7. Conclusions

Even at these low temperatures, however, it is dangerous to deprive the brain, and to a lesser extent the heart, of oxygen for longer than 30 minutes.

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Temperature Management: As Cold as Possible

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Surgery of aortic arch aneurysm – A ten-year experience with cold cerebroplegia

J. Bachet, D. Guilmet, G. Dreyfus, B. Goudot, A. Piquois

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

European Journal of Cardio-Thoracic Surgery 41 (2012) 185-191 doi:10.1016/j.ejcts.2011.03.060

Mild-to-moderate hypothermia in aortic arch surgery using circulatory arrest: a change of paradigm?[†]

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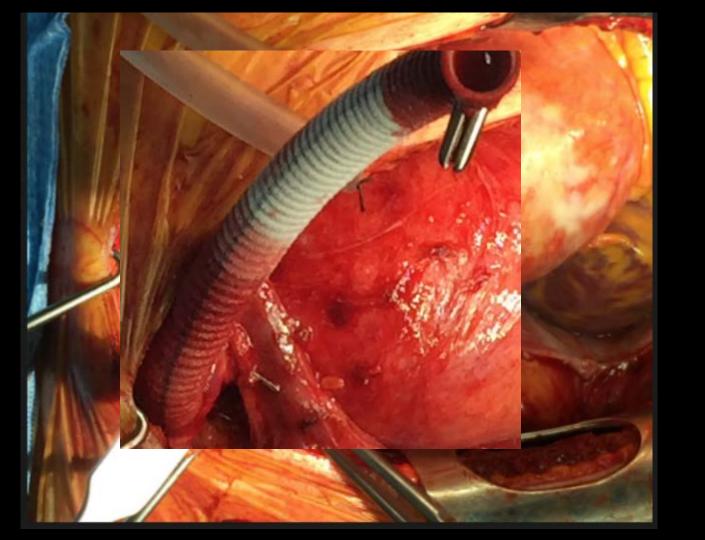
Is More than One Hour of Selective Antegrade Cerebral Perfusion in Moderate-to-Mild Systemic Hypothermic Circulatory Arrest for Surgery of Acute Type A Aortic Dissection Safe?

Moderate hypothermia at warmer temperatures is safe in elective proximal and total arch surgery: Results in 665 patients

Selective antegrade cerebral perfusion and mild (28°C-30°C) systemic hypothermic circulatory arrest for a ortic arch replacement: Results from 1002 patients

Moderate Versus Deep Hypothermic Circulatory Arrest for Elective Aortic Transverse Hemiarch Reconstruction

Visceral organ protection in aortic arch surgery: safety of moderate hypothermia



Patients (1.14-7.17)

| N | 95 | |
|--|------------|------|
| M/F | 63/32 | |
| Age | 60 (19-86) | |
| | N | % |
| Aneurysm | 64 | 67 |
| Chronic Dissection | 9 | 9.5 |
| Acute Dissection | 16 | 16.8 |
| Other STS/EACTS Latin America Cardiovascular Surgery Conference 2017 | 5 | 5.3 |

Patients (2)

| | Ν | % |
|-------------------------------|----|------|
| Previous Open Heart Operation | 10 | 10.5 |
| INDICATION | | |
| Elective | 77 | 81 |
| Urgent or Emergent | 18 | 19 |

Steps

- 1. Cannulate innominate through 10 mm graft
- 2. Cool to 28 or 30 C° (blood)
- 3. Snare left carotid and innominate
- 4. Perfuse at 10 to 15 cc/kg
- 5. Remove cross clamp
- 6. Work in the aorta

Operative Data

| | Ν | % |
|--|----|-----|
| Hemiarch | 76 | 80 |
| Partial or Total Arch | 19 | 20 |
| | | |
| Elephant Trunk (Frozen or Conventional) | 7 | 7.3 |
| Aortic Root Replacement or Preservation | 19 | 20 |
| Aortic Valve Repair or Replacement | 24 | 25 |
| Other STS/EACTS Latin America Cardiovascular Surgery Conference 2017 | 17 | 18 |

Operative Data

| Median Sternotomy | 85 | 90% |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| Partial (J) | 10 | 10% |
| Cross Clamp Time (min) | 83 ± 38 | 34-255 |
| Cardiopulmonary Bypass Time (min) | 123 ± 46 | 60-343 |
| SACP (min) | 22 ± 12 | 10-67 |

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Operative Outcomes

| | N | % |
|---------------------|----|------|
| Mortality | 2 | 2.1 |
| Reop for Bleeding | 8 | 8.4 |
| Perm Neuro Def | 2 | 2.1 |
| Trans Neuro Def | 3 | 3.2 |
| Atrial Fibrillation | 18 | 19.5 |

| BLEEDING 12 h < 300 cc 300-600 cc > 600 cc Transfused | N 52 27 16 50 | % 54.7 28.4 16.8 52.1 | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| MECHANICAL VENTILATION Extubated in O.R. < 6 hours > 6 hours | 12 43 40 | 12.6 45.2 42.1 | |

Conclusions

- 1. Safe strategy
- 2. Simplifies intraoperative management
- 3. Simplifies postoperative management

